

Use of a Conceptual Model of the Mission Space (CMMS) in Model and Simulation Development: The JWARS/JSIMS CMMS (J²CMMS)

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J2CMMS:

Linking Through A Common View of the Battlespace

- Background
- J2CMMS Purpose
- Linkage Methodology
- An Example
- Lessons Learned



JWARS Mission & Analytic Needs



JS: Force Sufficiency

CINCs: OPLAN COAs

Users & Uses of JWARS



OSD:
Planning and Programming
Force Trade-offs

JWCA:

- Issue Development
- Joint Capability Trade-offs

Services:

- System-Level Tradeoffs
- COEAs

JWARS Mission

Develop a fully integrated, state-of-the-art, closed-form model of joint warfare. The model must:

- Represent uniquely joint functions and processes and component warfare operations.
- Be based in joint doctrine and capable of representing future warfare.
- Aid in force structure analysis, acquisition analysis, and CINC course of action analysis.



J2CMMS - Background

Principal rationale for developing a common view of the Mission Space include:

- Opportunity for reuse given common Mission Space
- Opportunity to leverage work between two programs

Knowledge High-Level & Implementation Detailed Design

Knowledge acquisition, or Mission Space Analysis is the area of greatest overlap between JWARS & JSIMS



J2CMMS - Purpose

- Conduct knowledge acquisition (KA) of the joint mission space through research and analysis
- Document the results in a J2CMMS repository
- Medium to transfer the knowledge to OO analysts to start OO knowledge engineering activities
- Form a basis for VV&A activities

J2CMMS Methodology - Principles

- KA is doctrine based, not SME based
- Support model development through implementation
- J2CMMS development is an integral part of the JWARS software engineering process
- The J2CMMS will evolve as implementation, and therefore additional details, are required
- Mission space analysts are integrated into the total software engineering process
- Scenarios provide needed context to the research
 & analysis



J2CMMS and the JWARS Software Development Process

Object-Oriented

Development

Cycle i

Scenarios,
Partitions &
Use Cases
(Requirements Bas

Mission
Space Analysis

Object Model Development

High-Level Design

Spiral repeated for each Use Case within a Scenario

Testing
Data Support
V&V

Implementation

Detailed Design

Spirals repeated for each Scenario leading to successive Block Developments

JWARS Blocks I, II, II

- Spiral approach
- Government guidance and control at every step
- Gov't subject matter experts critical at every step

MMS.ppt 7



JWARS J2CMMS Development Process

Software Developme Threads Analyze Specified & Implied Representational Requirements

Identify UJTL
Tasks
Necessary to
Meet Requirements

Support

VV&A

Activities

Support Object-Oriented Knowledge Engineering & Software Implementation

Analyze Military
Processes and
Entities Necessary
to Meet Requirements

Spiral repeated as necessary to fully support implementation

Conduct Knowledge Transfer Activities

Document the J2CMMS in a Repository

Research Joint and Service Doctrine; Interview SMEs

Spirals repeated for each Use-Case & Partition calling for this functionality

JWARS Blocks I, II, II

- Process adapted to JWARS spiral development approach
- J2CMMS evolves as model development iterates
 Process/entity (functional) product, not object-oriented

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Example - Developing CMMS for Battlespace Perception

Entity	Process	Action
Staff .	Conduct IPB *	Analyze weather
Sections.		Analyze terrain/ocean
courses of actionAnalyze enemy		
Staff	Plan intelligence*	
Sections	collection •	Identifycollectables
	operations •	Associate with time & spa
	•	Match sensors with target
Sensors *	Conduct •	Prioritize targets
	collection •	Allocate assets
	operations •	Plan missions
	•	Execute missions
	•	Report results
Staff .	Process incominģ	Receive reports
Sections	sensor reports •	Route reports
•	Relate reports to	Correlate information to
	dynamic situation	SITMAP
	•	Update knowledge
Staff .	Update •	Match current situation to
	assessment of	predicted courses of actio
	enemy activities *	Decide which course of
	-	action the enemy is
		following



An Example:

Perception and the Fusion Process

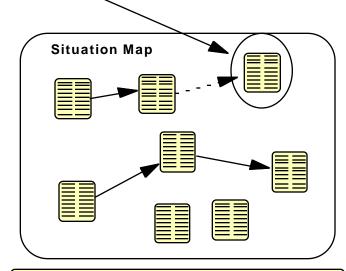
Goal:

- Relate incoming sensor reports to a virtual SITMAP -- Correlat
- Compare perception (SITMAP) to expectations (IPB) - Assessm



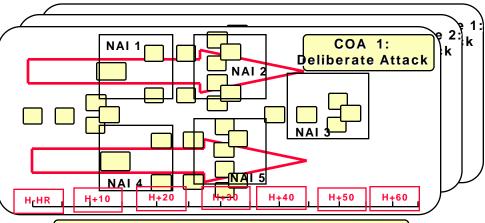
Correlation

Assessment



SITMAP contains perceived threat entity matrices.

Each matrix reflects information reported by sensors.



Threat Course of Action (COA) templates describe expected activities within NAIs over time.

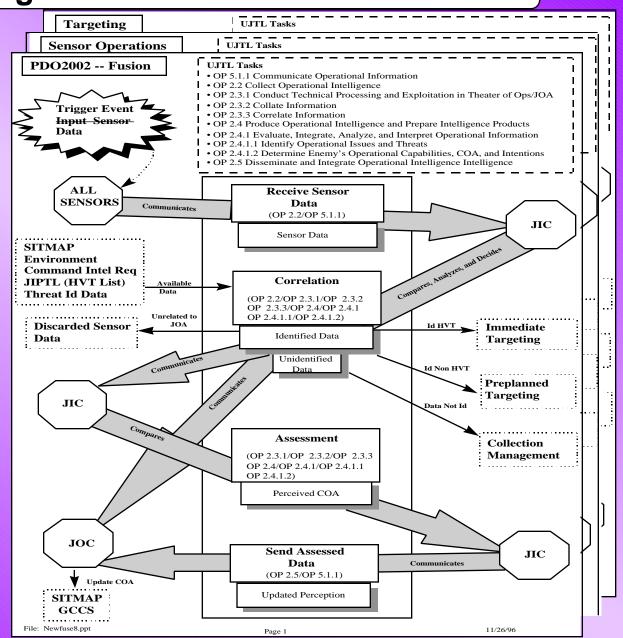
Algorithm(s) find "best fit" between known situation (Situation Map) and Threat templates created as user input during IPB



J2CMMS Example: Intelligence Fusion Entities & Process

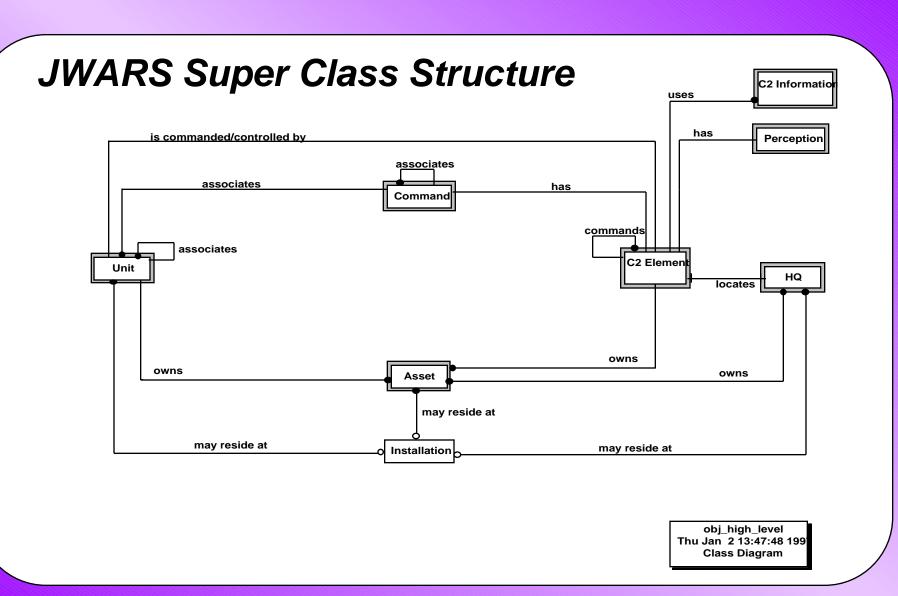
Desired Outcomes:

- Identify relevant entities
- Identify processes & tasks
- Describe interactions given a common reference scenario
- Describe outputs from the processes and interactions
- Identify pertinent UJTL tasks
- Document references and sources
- Provide a medium for knowledge transfer to the object analyst and software engineer



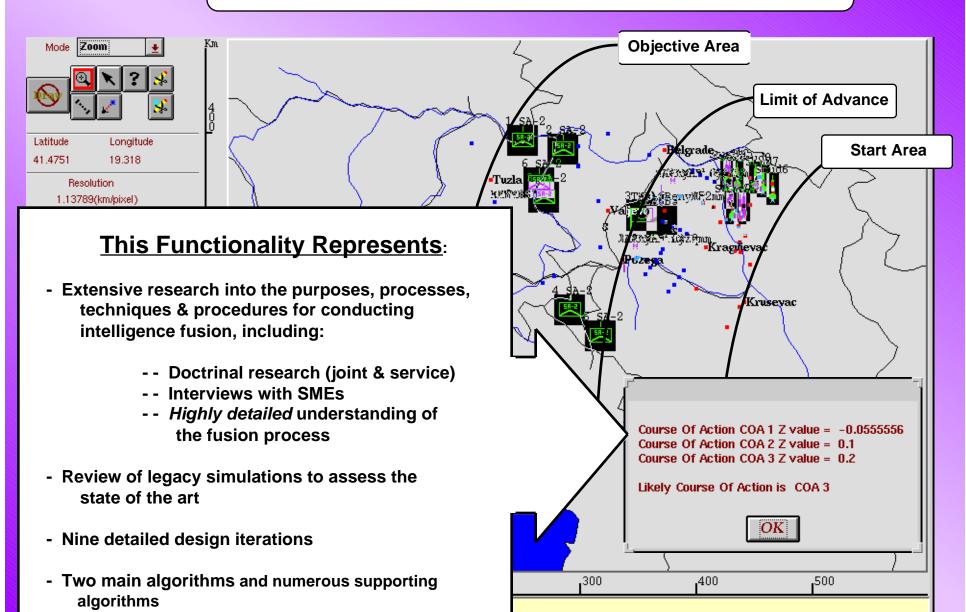


JWARS OOA Object Model: Object Classes Related to Intelligence Fusion





The Bottom Line: J2CMMS Must Support Implementation





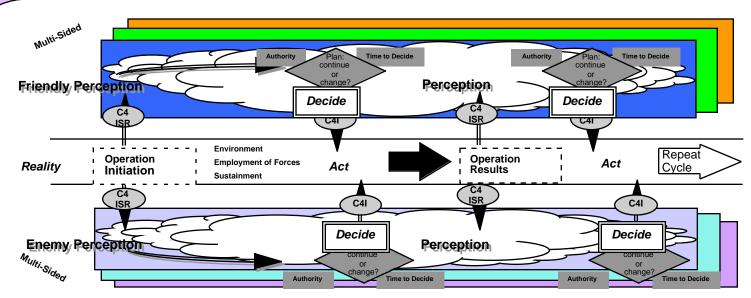
J2CMMS Lessons Learned

Role of the Mission Space Analysts:

- Knowledge transfer
 - -- Critical to project success
 - -- Very time consuming
 - -- Necessary during OOA, OOD and implementation
 - Difficult different backgrounds required for the KA and KE functions
 - -- STATEMATE CASE tool facilitates
- Follow processes through implementation
 - - Monitor functionality evolution
 - -- Head team supporting software engineer



J2CMMS Lessons Learned



Know your core reasons for building the model:

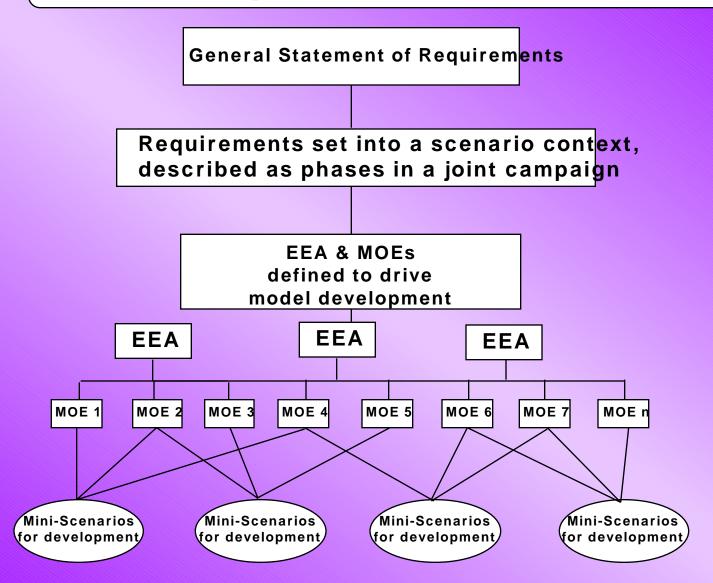
- These influence KA, design & implementation;
 Some JWARS examples:
 - - Effect of information on battle outcomes
 - - Maintain balance between services
 - - Emphasize uniquely joint functions
 - - Provide timely & transparent results



Back-ups

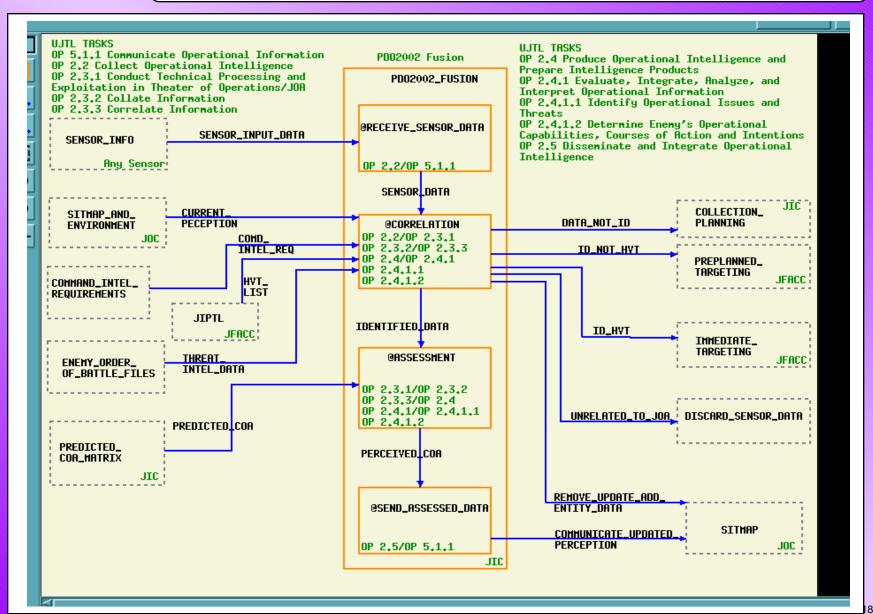


Software Development Process: Requirements Definition





Mission Space Model STATEMATE Output: Fusion Activity Diagram





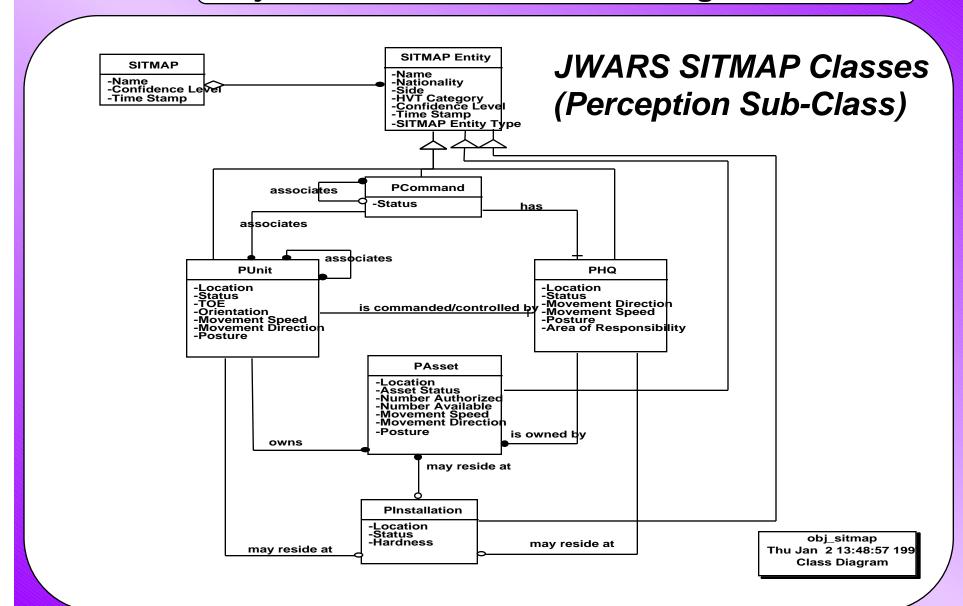
JWARS Software Development Process

Thread-Based Steps in Iterative Development

Process & Entity-Oriented Research, Analysis & Documentation **Knowledge Acquisition Functional Analysts** (Mission Space Analysis) **Knowledge Transfer Object Model Object Oriented Analysis Object-Oriented Analysts** (High-Level Design) Knowledge Engineering **Detailed Design Software Engineers** Testing & **Implementatio Modification Joint Data System** Data identification, acquisition & certification V&V **Verification &** Validation (V&V) **Time** Steps are completed for each software development *Thread* that are part of each JWARS *Use Case* OOA: Object-oriented (OO) analysis; in OMT terms, the first OO abstraction of the mission space. OOD: OO design; in OMT terms, the final detailed object design & integration with the system architecture.



JWARS OOA Object Model: Object Classes Related to Intelligence Fusion





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